UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

\boxtimes QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED: June 30, 2011

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 333-100979

LAPIS TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware	2/-0016420	
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer	
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)	
70 Kinderkamack Road, Emerson, New Jersey	07630	
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)	
<u></u>	(201) 225-0190	
(Registrant's teleph	none number, including area code)	
	n/a	
(Former name, form	ner address and former fiscal year,	
,	nged since last report)	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such report Y on \square No \square	pe filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 ports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.	
	sted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accele accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12th	erated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large b-2 of the Exchange Act.	
Large accelerated filer □	Accelerated filer □	
Non-accelerated filer □ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company ⊠	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Ru	ıle 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes□ No ⊠	
As of August 12, 2011, there were 6,483,000 issued and outstanding shares of the	Registrant's Common Stock, \$0.001 par value.	

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

LAPIS TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (In Thousands, Except Share Amounts and Par Value)

	2	ane 30, 2011		cember 31, 2010 Audited)
ASSETS	(UII	audited)		Audited)
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	338	\$	626
Accounts receivable		4,414		4,532
Inventories		3,557		3,138
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		847		498
Total current assets		9,156		8,794
				207
Assets of discontinued operations		200		207
Property and equipment, net Long Term Deposit		280 22		255 21
Deferred income taxes		9		7
Deferred income taxes	¢		6	9,284
	\$	9,467	\$	9,284
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities:			•	0.74
Short term bank loans	\$	37	\$	256
Current portion of term loans		857		93
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to affilliates		1,906		2,957
Due to arminates				1,127
Total current liabilities		2,800		4,433
Total current habilities		2,800		4,433
Liabilities of discontinued operations		_		156
Term loans, net of current portion		3,220		561
Severance payable		230		89
	<u> </u>			
Total liabilities		6,250		5,239
Stockholders' Equity:				,
Preferred stock; \$.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		-		-
Common stock; \$.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 6,483,000 shares issued and outstanding		6		6
Additional paid-in capital		-		78
Accumulated other comprehensive income		601		423
Retained Earnings		2,610		2,321
Stockholders' equity Lapis Technologies				
		3,217		2,828
Non-controlling interest in subsidiary				1,217
Total stockholders' equity		3,217		4,045
	\$	9,467	\$	9,284

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

LAPIS TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands, Except Earnings Per Share and Share Amounts)
(Unaudited)

		Six Months Ended June 30,			Three Months Ended June 30,	
	20	11	2010	2011	2010	
			(Unau			
Sales	\$	3,974	\$ 5,115	\$ 2,474	\$ 2,948	
Cost of sales		2,341	2,990	1,394	1,667	
Gross profit		1,633	2,125	1,080	1,281	
Operating expenses:						
Research and development expenses		121	119	62	54	
Selling expenses		218	74	117	27	
General and administrative		566	726	294	363	
Total operating expenses		905	919	473	444	
Income from operations		728	1,206	607	837	
Other income (expense):						
Interest expense, net		(165)	(95)	(92)	(5)	
Other income (expense)		-	1	-	1	
Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes		563	1,112	515	833	
Provision for income taxes		61	74	37	63	
Net income from continuing operations		502	1,038	478	770	
Loss from discontinued operations		<u>-</u>	(126)		(40)	
Net Income		502	912	478	730	
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling shareholders		-	258	-	193	
Net income attributable to Lapis Technologies shareholders		502	654	478	537	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of taxes						
Foreign translation (loss) gain		178	(27)	120	279	
Comprehensive income	\$	680	\$ 627	\$ 598	\$ 816	
Basic and Diluted net income (loss) per share						
Continuing Operations		0.08	0.12	0.07	0.09	
Discontinued Operations		-	(0.02)	-	(0.01)	
		0.08	0.10	0.07	0.08	
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding		,483,000	6,483,000	6,483,000	6,483,000	
Danie worghood avorage common shares outstanding		, 100,000	0,703,000	0,703,000	0,703,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

LAPIS TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands)

Six Months Ended June 30,

	June	30,	
	2011	2010	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Cash flows from operating activities:	()		
Net income	\$ 502	\$ 654	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	* **		
Depreciation and amortization	34	16	
Non-controlling interest in subsidiary	-	239	
Gain on sale of property and equipment	-	(1)	
Deferred income tax	2	12	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	118	24	
Inventories and income to receive	(419)	491	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(349)	(324)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,051)	404	
Income tax payable	-	7	
Severence payable	(141)	(6)	
	,		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - continuing operations	(1,304)	1,516	
Net cash provided by operating activities - discontinued operations	363	220	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(941)	1,736	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(941)	1,730	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of property and equipment	(59)	(81)	
Additional acquisition of non-contolling interest	(1,500)	(61)	
Net cash used in investing activities - continuing operations			
Net cash used in investing activities - continuing operations	(1,558)	(81)	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Repayment of short term bank loans	(219)	(1,541)	
Payment of loans from related parties	(1,127)	(1)	
Proceeds from long-term debt	3,423	(13)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities - continuing operations	2,077	(1,555)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2,077	(1,555)	
Effects of exchange rates on cash	134	(85)	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(288)	15	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	626	241	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	\$ 338	\$ 256	
	_		
Interest			
Taxes	\$ 16	\$ 25	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Amount paid during the period for: Interest Taxes	\$ 109 \$ 16	\$ 152 \$ 25	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)
JUNE 30, 2011
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Lapis Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Delaware on January 31, 2002. The Company's operations are conducted through its wholly-owned Israeli Subsidiary, Enertec Electronics Ltd. ("Enertec Electronics") and its wholly-owned Israeli subsidiaries, Enertec Management Ltd. and Enertec Systems 2001 Ltd. ("Enertec Systems").

Enertec Systems is a manufacturer and provider of various military and airborne systems, simulators and automatic test equipment ("ATE"). The business is focused in two major product lines: (i) the development and manufacturing of simulators and ATE to a large variety of weapons systems and at all levels of maintenance, development and integration and (ii) the development and manufacturing of comprehensive, large scale, electronics systems for the military industry providing comprehensive solutions to power supply, command and control including systems design, development, manufacturing and implementation on a turn-key basis.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND CONSOLIDATION

Basis of Presentation.

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial statements and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, they do not contain all information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for annual financial statements. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. In the opinion of the Company's management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all the adjustments necessary (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) to present the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2011 and the results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future period. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Company's accounting policies are described in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, and updated, as necessary, in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Use of Estimates.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain of our estimates, including evaluating the collectability of accounts receivable, could be affected by external conditions, including those unique to our industry, and general economic conditions. It is possible that these external factors could have an effect on our estimates that could cause actual results to differ from our estimates. We re-evaluate all of our accounting estimates at least quarterly based on these conditions and record adjustments when necessary.

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)
JUNE 30, 2011
(Unaudited)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Stock based compensation

The Company accounts for stock based compensation under the fair value method under which compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the value of the award and is recognized over the service period, which is usually the vesting period. For stock options, fair value is determined using an option-pricing model that takes into account the stock price at the grant date, the exercise price, the expected life of the option, the volatility of the underlying stock, the expected dividends on it, and the risk-free interest rate over the expected life of the option. For the periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 the Company did not issue any stock options.

Revenue Recognition

The Company enters into long-term fixed-price contracts with customers to manufacture test systems, simulators, and airborne applications. Revenue on these long-term fixed-price contracts is recognized under the percentage-of-completion method. In using the percentage of completion method, revenues are generally recorded based on the percentage of effort incurred to date on a contract relative to the estimated total expected contract effort. Significant judgment is required when estimating total contract effort and progress to completion on the arrangements as well as whether a loss is expected to be incurred on the contract. Management uses historical experience, project plans and an assessment of the risks and uncertainties inherent in the arrangement to establish these estimates. Project costs are measured by the costs incurred to date as a percentage of the estimated total costs of each contract (cost-to-cost method). Contract costs include all direct material and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance, such as indirect labor, supplies, tools, repairs and depreciation. Selling, general and administrative costs are charged to expense as incurred. Estimated total costs of each contract are reviewed on a monthly basis by project management and operations personnel for substantially all projects. The Company begins recognizing revenue on a project when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, recoverability is probable, and project costs are incurred. Costs may be incurred before the Company has persuasive evidence of an arrangement. In those cases, if recoverability from that arrangement is probable, the project costs are deferred and revenue recognition is delayed.

Provisions for losses on uncompleted contracts are made in the period such losses are known. Changes in job performance, job conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from contract penalty provisions, foreign currency exchange rate movements, and final contract settlements may result in revisions to revenue, costs and income and are recognized in the period in which the revisions are determined.

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)
JUNE 30, 2011
(Unaudited)

Income Taxes

We use the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes." Under this method, income tax expense is recognized for the amount of: (i) taxes payable or refundable for the current year and (ii) deferred tax consequences of temporary differences resulting from matters that have been recognized in an entity's financial statements or tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the results of operations in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is provided to reduce the deferred tax assets reported if based on the weight of the available positive and negative evidence, it is more likely than not some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

ASC Topic 740-10-30 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. ASC Topic 740-10-40 provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. We have no material uncertain tax positions for any of the reporting periods presented.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other standard setting bodies that may have an impact on the Company's accounting and reporting. The Company believes that such recently issued accounting pronouncements and other authoritative guidance for which the effective date is in the future either will not have an impact on its accounting or reporting or that such impact will not be material to its financial position, results of operations, and cash flows when implemented.

NOTE 4 – ACQUISITION OF NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

On March 2, 2011, Enertec Management Ltd., an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired the 27% of the outstanding shares Enertec Systems 2001 Ltd., not previously held by the Company, for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,500. The Company accounted for the acquisition of the additional interest as an equity transaction in accordance with the accounting standard on noncontrolling interest. Following the transaction, Enertec Systems 2001 Ltd. is now an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of the company.

NOTE 5 – INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following:

	June 30 2011),	Dec	2010 cember 31,
Raw materials	\$	725	\$	648
Work in process		2,832		2,490
	<u>\$</u>	3,557	\$	3,138

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)
JUNE 30, 2011
(Unaudited)

NOTE 6 - PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

The Company's Israeli subsidiaries are governed by the tax laws of the State of Israel, which has a general tax rate of 25%. The Company is entitled to various tax benefits in Israel by virtue of being granted the status of an "approved enterprise industrial company" as defined by the tax regulations. The benefits include, among other things, a reduced tax rate

At June 30, 2011, the Company has a net operating loss carry forward of approximately \$425 which may be utilized to offset future taxable income for United States federal tax purposes. This net operating loss carry forward begins to expire in 2022. Since it is more likely than not that the Company will not realize a benefit from these net operating loss carry forwards, a 100% valuation allowance has been recorded to reduce the deferred tax asset to its net realizable value.

NOTE 7 - DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In accordance with our strategy to phase out the trading business and focus on developing comprehensive electronics turn-key solutions, on October 17, 2010, Enertec Electronics Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement to sell substantially all its electronics assets and business for an aggregate consideration of NIS 1,020 (approximately \$278). Enertec Electronics is engaged in the trading of electronics equipment (such as power supplies and other related power products). As a result of the agreement and in accordance with ASC Topic No. 205-20, "Presentation of Financial Statements – Discontinued Operations," the operations of Enertec Electronics are classified as discontinued operations in the Company's consolidated statement of operations and all assets and liabilities are presented separately on the consolidated balance sheets. All prior period information has been reclassified to be consistent with the current period presentation.

NOTE 8 - CONCENTRATIONS

The Company had deposits with commercial financial institutions, which, at times, may exceed the FDIC insured limits of \$250 in the United States. Management has placed these funds in high quality institutions in order to minimize the risk. Cash held in Israel at June 30, 2011 was \$338 as compared to \$626 at December 31, 2010.

As of June 30, 2011, we had two customers that combined accounted for approximately 98% of accounts receivable, compared to 92% of accounts receivable, as of December 31, 2010. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, approximately 87% and 89% of our sales were to two customers, compared to 92% and 91% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010.

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)
JUNE 30, 2011
(Unaudited)

NOTE 9 - SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Information about the Company's assets in different geographic locations at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is shown below:

	Ji	une 30,	D	December 31,
Total assets:		2011		2010
Israel	\$	9,395	\$	9,116
United States	\$	72	\$	168
	\$	9,467	\$	9,284

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 12, 2011, the Company entered into a Note and Warrant Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with UTA Capital LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("UTA"), pursuant to which UTA agreed to lend to the Company up to \$6,000,000 of secured debt.

Under the Purchase Agreement, UTA agreed to purchase at the initial closing (the "Initial Closing") a 30-month, secured promissory note in the principal amount of \$3,000,000 (the "First Note"). The First Note will bear interest at a rate of 8% per annum and principal will be due to be repaid in three equal principal payments of \$1,000,000 each, on each of the first and second anniversaries of its issuance and on the maturity date. Net proceeds from the sale of the First Note are to be used as working capital for the Company and its subsidiaries. UTA also agreed to purchase a 27-month, secured promissory note in the principal amount of \$3,000,000 (the "Second Note") at the second closing (the "Second Closing"), which closing is to occur not later than nine months after the Initial Closing, subject to the closing conditions set forth Purchase Agreement. The First Note and the Second Note will be secured by the pledge of certain of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries and will be identical other than their duration.

The Company also agreed to issue to UTA upon the Initial Closing a warrant (the "First Warrant") to purchase up to 952,227 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 (the "Common Stock"), representing, as of the date of the Initial Closing, 12% of outstanding shares of Common Stock on a fully diluted basis. Upon the Second Closing, the Company agreed to issue to UTA a second warrant (the "Second Warrant" and, together with the First Warrant, the "Warrants") to purchase that number of shares of Common Stock in order that the Warrants, and any shares of Common Stock issued upon exercise of the First Warrant, represent 12% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock on a fully diluted basis as of the Second Closing. The Company will grant to UTA certain demand and "piggy back" registration rights in respect of the shares underlying the Warrants, as set forth in the Purchase Agreement.

The Company has made customary representations and warranties in the Purchase Agreement, and the obligations of each of the parties to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby are subject to the closing conditions set forth therein. The Company has agreed to customary covenants and that within four months following the Initial Closing, the Company will satisfy the corporate governance requirements under Nasdaq Marketplace Rules 5605 and Rule 5610 as if the Common Stock were listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") contains or may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or "continue," the negative of such terms, or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, such should not be regarded as a representation by Lapis Technologies, Inc. ("Lapis" or the "Company"), or any other person, that such forward-looking statements will be achieved. The business and operations of Lapis Technologies, Inc. and its subsidiaries are subject to substantial risks, which increase the uncertainty inherent in the forward-looking statements contained in this Report. Because these forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, there are important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements, including our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions and other factors discussed under "Risk Factors," included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, as supplemented or revised by this Report.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Report.

Overview

Lapis was formed in Delaware on January 31, 2002 under the name Enertec Electronics, Inc. We are, via our wholly-owned subsidiary Enertec Systems 2001 Ltd. ("Enertec Systems"), an Israeli corporation formed on August 28, 2001, a manufacturer and provider of various military and airborne systems, simulators and automatic test equipment ("ATE"). Our business is focused in two major product lines: (i) the development and manufacturing of simulators and ATE to a large variety of weapons systems and at all levels of maintenance, development and integration and (ii) the development and manufacturing of comprehensive, large scale, electronics systems for the military industry providing comprehensive solutions to power supply, command and control including systems design, development, manufacturing and implementation on a turn-key basis.

Our operations are located in Israel and serve leading Israeli defense integrators in the market for both local Israeli and worldwide sales. We combine our deep expertise in the industry with strong technical capabilities to provide a complete range of high quality products, systems and services on a global scale. By integrating our abilities and focusing on business and project teams, we leverage our corporate knowledge and experience, intellectual property and infrastructure to develop innovative solutions for clients we serve worldwide.

The management of Lapis has begun to implement its strategy of focusing on developing comprehensive electronics turn-key solutions via its wholly-owned subsidiary Enertec Systems. This strategy potentially includes larger scale transactions that we anticipate could result in higher revenue as well as increased gross margin and overall profitability. Presently, Lapis conducts its operations in Israel through its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary Enertec Systems. The Enertec Electronics business was sold in October 2010 as part of our strategy to exit from the business of selling electronics components and to focus on the development, design and manufacturing of large systems. The vast majority of the Lapis business is conducted by Enertec Systems through its factory located in Karmiel in the northern part of Israel.

Our vision is to become a major force in the Aerospace and Defense industries. In supporting our vision and market strategy, we formed an advisory board for Enertec Systems composed of various leaders in the Israeli defense and financial industries. Our strategy is driven and focused on the continued organic growth concurrent with the search for the acquisitions of carefully selected companies that can contribute to our future growth and profitability. We anticipate that the internal growth of Enertec Systems will be achieved through the development of new markets as well as new technologies and innovative systems and products. We expect to move to a larger facility by the end of 2011, which will increase our production capacity. We anticipate that the increase in production capacity will support and contribute to the future growth of our business in 2012. Our current targeted markets in which we concentrate the majority of our resources including our marketing and sales efforts are the Israeli domestic market, the United States market, as well as the large growing Indian defense market. We are currently engaged in the formation of a new joint venture with Amtek Defense Technologies Limited of Amtek, a leading Indian industrial group, for the formation of a manufacturing and marketing platform in India of products based on the Enertec Systems technology and know-how. The joint venture will also provide Enertec Systems with the ability to deliver new competitive offset solutions to its existing customers. We anticipate that the joint venture will create new business opportunities for Enertec Systems in Indian and nearby markets and assist it in penetrating such markets. We continue to explore alternatives to strengthen our financial position including public or private capital raises.

Our management is also exploring potential acquisitions of companies with synergetic business that may allow us to enlarge the variety of our solutions to the market and increase our competitiveness.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2011, our cash balance was \$338,000 as compared to \$626,000 at December 31, 2010. Total current assets at June 30, 2011 were \$9,156,000 as compared to \$8,794,000 at December, 2010. The increase in current assets is mainly due to the increase in inventory.

Our accounts receivable at June 30, 2011 were \$4,414,000 as compared to \$4,532,000 at December 31, 2010. This decrease in accounts receivables is primarily due to a decrease in the sales of the first quarter.

As of June 30, 2011 our working capital was \$6,356,000 as compared to \$4,361,000 at December 31, 2010. The increase in the working capital is due primarily to a decrease in current liabilities, which resulted primarily from the repayment of a loan to an affiliated company.

The current portion of long-term loans at June 30, 2011 was \$857,000 as compared to \$93,000 for December 31, 2010. Our total short-term loans amounted to \$37,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 as compared to \$256,000 at December 31, 2010.

As of June 30, 2011, our total bank debt was \$4,114,000, of which \$1,650,000 are government loans and \$2,464,000 are commercial bank loans, as compared to \$910,000 at December 31, 2010. These funds were borrowed as follows: \$37,000 as various short-term bank loans due through 2011, and \$3,220,000 using long-term loans. As a result, we increased the amount borrowed for the six months ended June 30, 2011 by \$3,204,000 compared to December 31, 2010. The increase is due to an increase in the working capital and the acquisition of the remaining 27% of the shares of our wholly-owned subsidiary, Enertec Systems.

There are no other lines of credit available to us to refinance our short-term bank loans. Additionally, we currently do not have any other sources of financing available to us for refinancing our short-term loans. As of June 30, 2011, we are current with all of our bank debt and compliant with all the terms of our bank debt.

As of June 30, 2011, we had two customers that combined accounted for approximately 98% of the accounts receivables.

Financing Needs

Although we currently do not have any material commitments for capital expenditures, we expect our capital requirements to increase over the next several years as we continue to support the growth of our business, develop, manufacture and market larger-scale solutions, support our growing manufacturing and finance needs, continue the development and testing of our suite of products and systems, increase management, marketing and administration infrastructure, and embark on developing in-house business capabilities and facilities. Our future liquidity and capital funding requirements will depend on numerous factors, including, but not limited to i) the levels and costs of our research and development initiatives, ii) the cost of hiring and training additional highly skilled professionals (mainly engineers and technicians), qualified stronger management, and sales and marketing personnel to promote our products, and iii) the cost and timing of the expansion of our development, manufacturing and marketing efforts.

Based on our current business plan, we anticipate that our existing cash balances and cash generated from future sales will be sufficient to permit us to conduct our operations and to carry out our contemplated business plans for the next twelve months. However, management may undertake additional debt or equity financings to better enable Lapis to grow and meet its future operating and capital requirements. There is no assurance that we will be able to consummate such offerings on favorable terms or at all.

On July 12, 2011, we entered into a Note and Warrant Purchase Agreement with UTA Capital LLC, pursuant to we may incur up to \$6,000,000 in secured debt. See Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for more information. The only additional external sources of liquidity are our banks, and we may seek additional financing from them or through securities offerings to expand our operations, using new capital to develop new products, enhance existing products or respond to competitive pressures and for acquisitions.

Results of Operations

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 Compared to Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2010

Revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 were \$2,474,000 and \$3,974,000 as compared to \$2,948,000 and \$5,115,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010. This represents a decrease of \$474,000 or 16% for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and a decrease of 1,141,000 or 22% for the six months ended June 30, 2011, when compared to the same periods of 2010. The decrease in revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 as compared to the same periods of 2010 is mainly due to the launching of new projects during the six months ended June 30, 2011.

Gross profit decreased by \$201,000 and by \$492,000, to \$1,080,000 and \$1,633,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 as compared to \$1,281,000 and \$2,125,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010. The decrease in gross profit is primarily the result of a decrease in sales revenues.

Gross profit as a percentage of sales was 44% and 41% for the three and six month period ended June 30, 2011 compared to 43% and 41.5% for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010.

For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011, operating expenses totaled \$473,000 and \$905,000, which represents an increase of \$51,000 or 12% and decrease of \$14,000 or 2%, when compared to \$422,000 and \$919,000 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010. This change in operating expenses is primarily due to the (i) decrease in general and administrative expenses of \$160,000; and (ii) the increase of \$144,000 in selling expenses.

Our net income was \$478,000 and \$502,000 in the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, compared to a net income of \$537,000 and \$654,000 in the three and six months ended June 30, 2010. This represents a decrease in net income of \$59,000 and \$152,000 comparing the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in sales comparing to the same period last year and an increase in interest expenses as a result of increased borrowings.

Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs are part of operating expenses. Research and development costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 were \$62,000 and \$121,000, compared to \$54,000 and \$119,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect that is material to investors on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Critical Accounting Policies

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, there were no changes made to our critical accounting policies. For further information, please refer to "Critical Accounting Policies" included in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 filed with the SEC on March 31, 2011.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

Not Applicable.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act the Company carried out an evaluation with the participation of the Company's management, including Mr. David Lucatz, the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Mrs. Tali Dinar, the Company's Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rule 13a-15(e) or Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the period ended June 30, 2011. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in internal controls

Our management, with the participation of our CEO and CFO, performed an evaluation as to whether any change in our internal controls over financial reporting occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2011. Based on that evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that no change occurred in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II- OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There are no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
31.1	Certification by Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification by Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification by Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification by Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101	The following materials from Lapis Technologies, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheet, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income and Other Comprehensive Income, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (iv) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

^{*} To be furnished by amendment

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LAPIS TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

/s/ David Lucatz Date: August 15, 2011 By:

David Lucatz President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 15, 2011 By: /s/ Tali Dinar

Tali Dinar

Secretary and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

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^{*} To be furnished by amendment

CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT

SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, David Lucatz, certify that:
- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Lapis Technologies, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2011;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 15, 2011 /s/ David Lucatz David Lucatz Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Tali Dinar, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Lapis Technologies, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2011;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material
 information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which
 this report is being prepared;
 - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 15, 2011
/s/ Tali Dinar
Tali Dinar
Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Lapis Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, David Lucatz, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

August 15, 2011 /s/ David Lucatz

David Lucatz Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Lapis Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Tali Dinar, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

August 15, 2011 /s/ Tali Dinar

Tali Dinar Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)